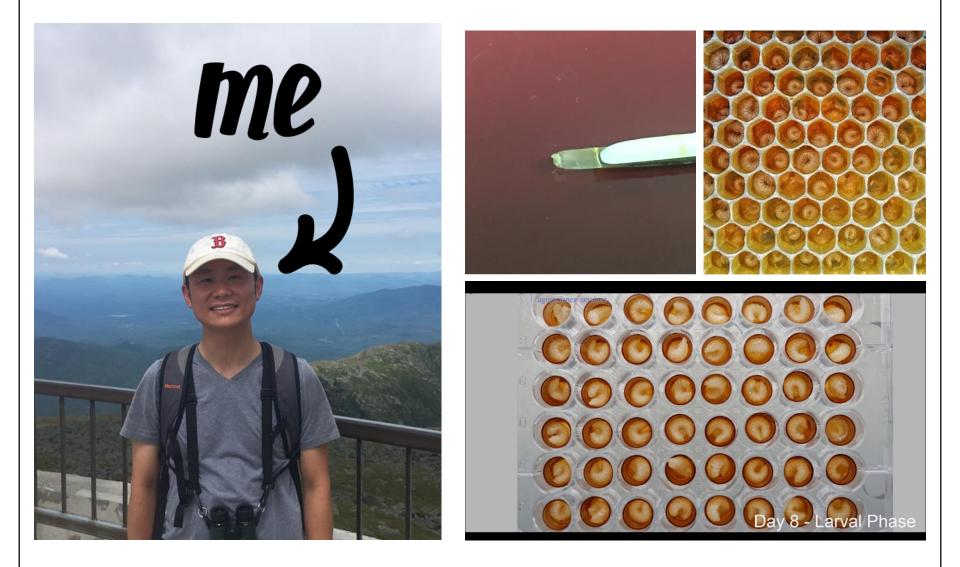
# The Bugs That Bug You

**Plymouth County Extension** 



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## Introduction



## Introduction





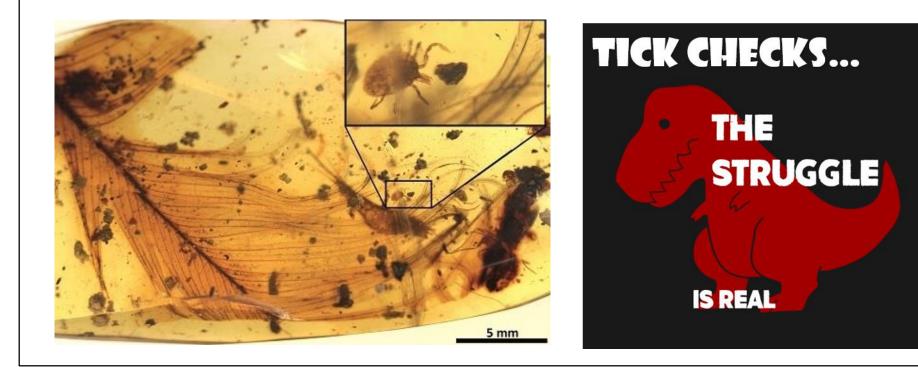




### **Blood-feeding**

Blood-feeding is very old

Ticks: 400 million years

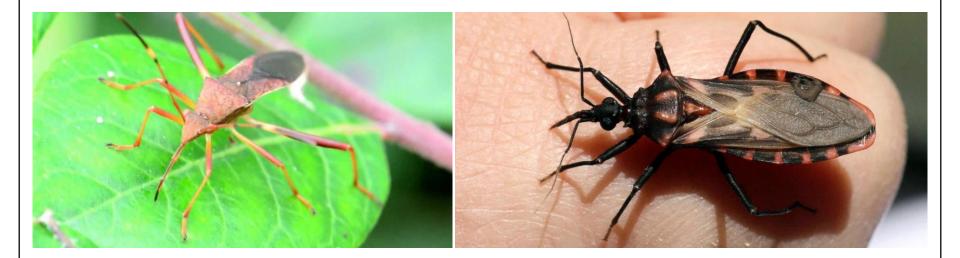


#### Tick and Mosquito Diseases

Why do mosquitoes and ticks <u>suck</u>?

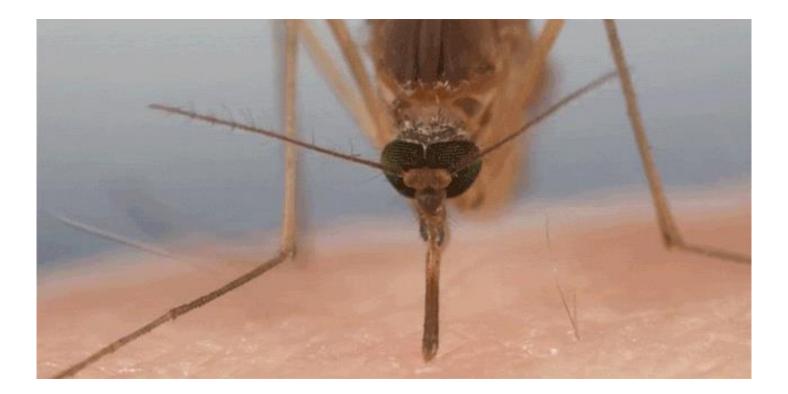
Blood is nutritious!

Maybe evolved from plant-feeding?

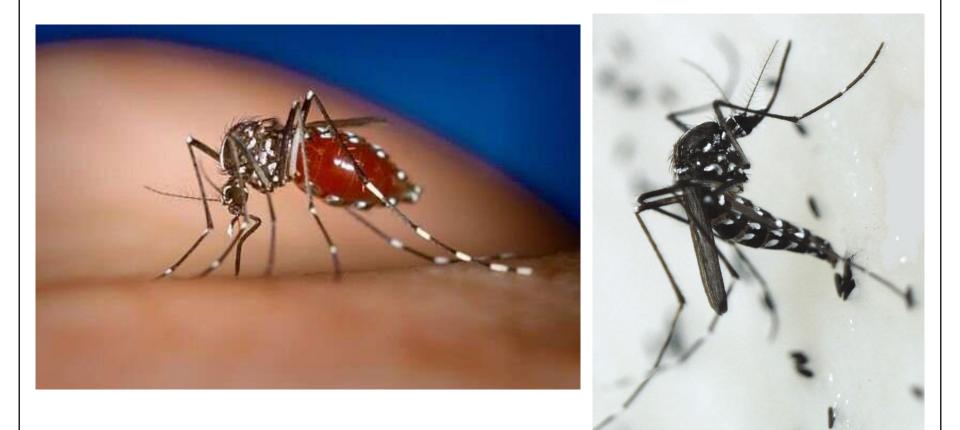


#### Mosquito Feeding

- Cannulate blood vessels
- Quick feeders



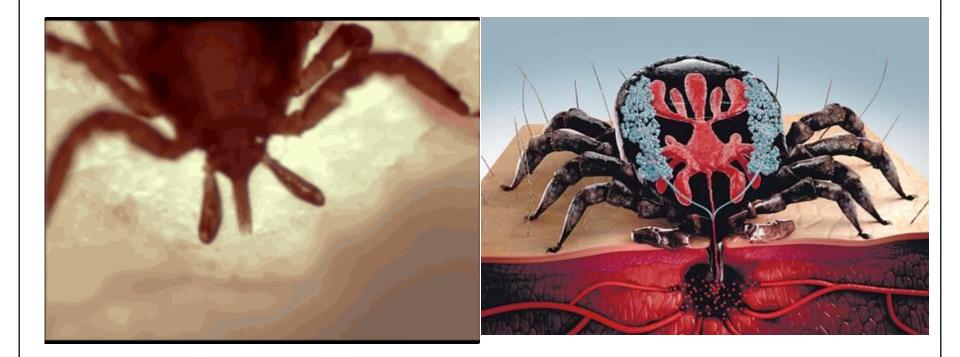
- Only females feed on blood
- Egg production

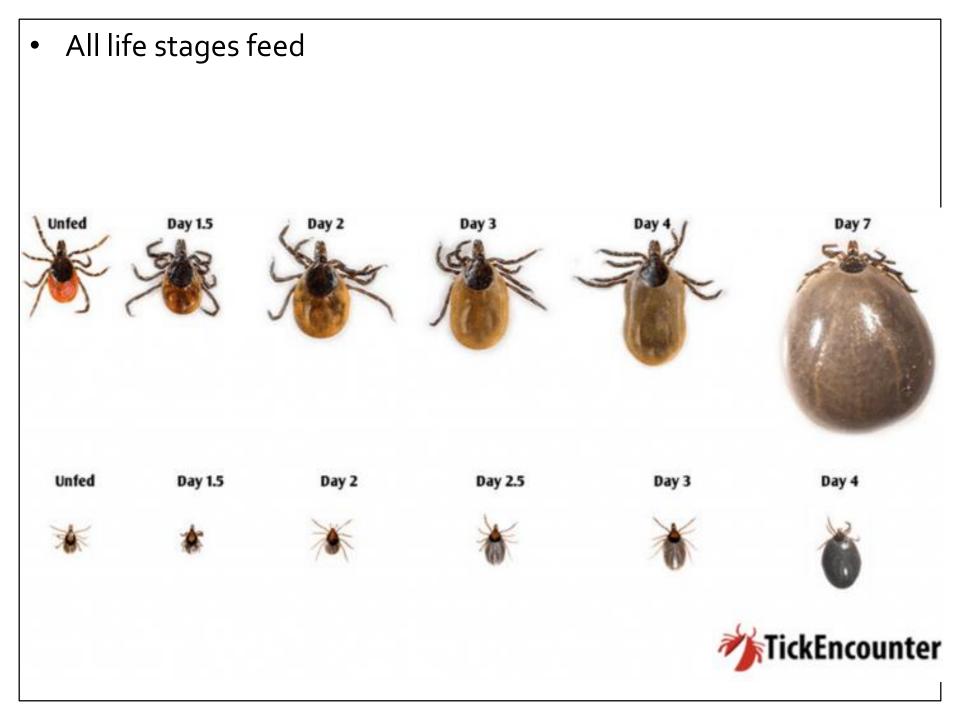


Guillaume Lacour

## **Tick Feeding**

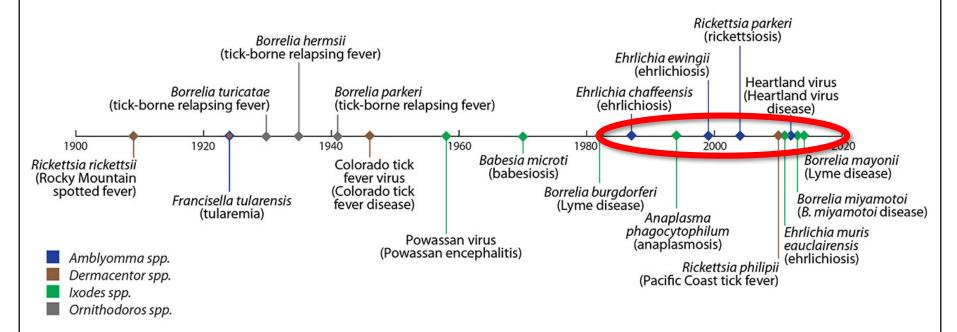
- Create feeding lesions
- Long-term feeders





#### More discoveries past 40 years?

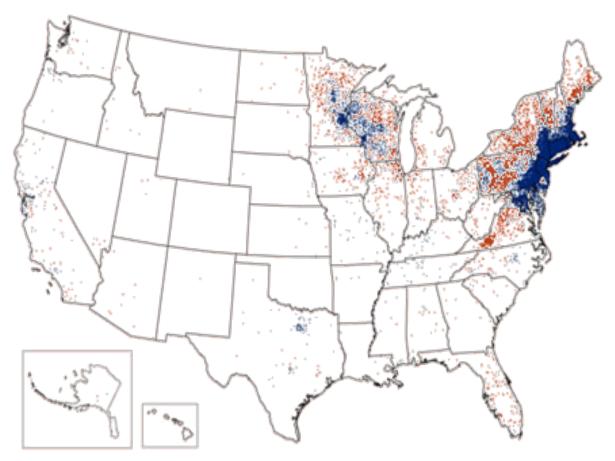
#### Discovery of Tickborne Pathogens as Causes of Human Disease in the United States, 1900-Present



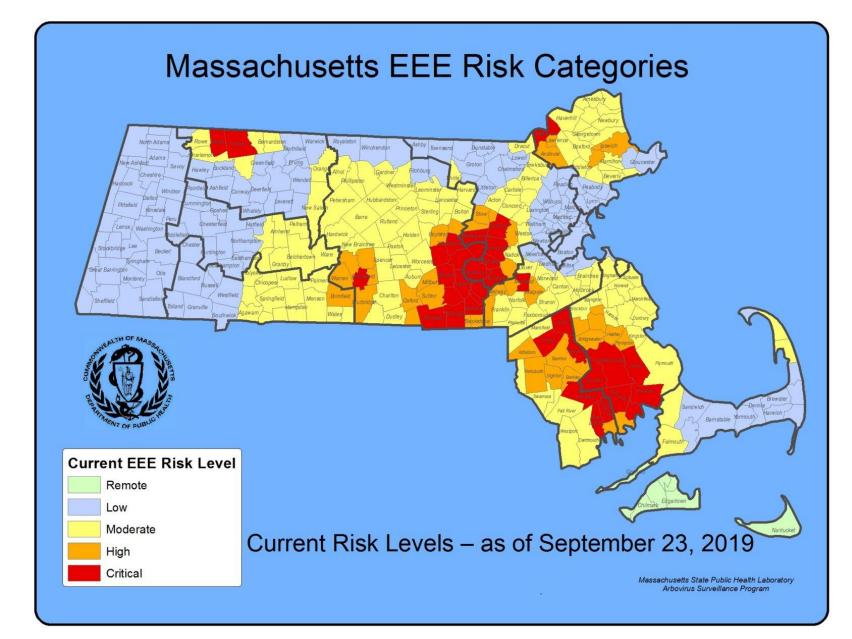
Note: This timeline shows when tickborne pathogens were recognized as causes of human disease. In some cases, organisms were identifed in ticks before they were associated with human disease. In other cases, the disease was recognized before the etiological agent was found to be tickborne.

#### Lyme Disease

Reported Cases of Lyme Disease -- United States, 2001-2015



CDC.gov

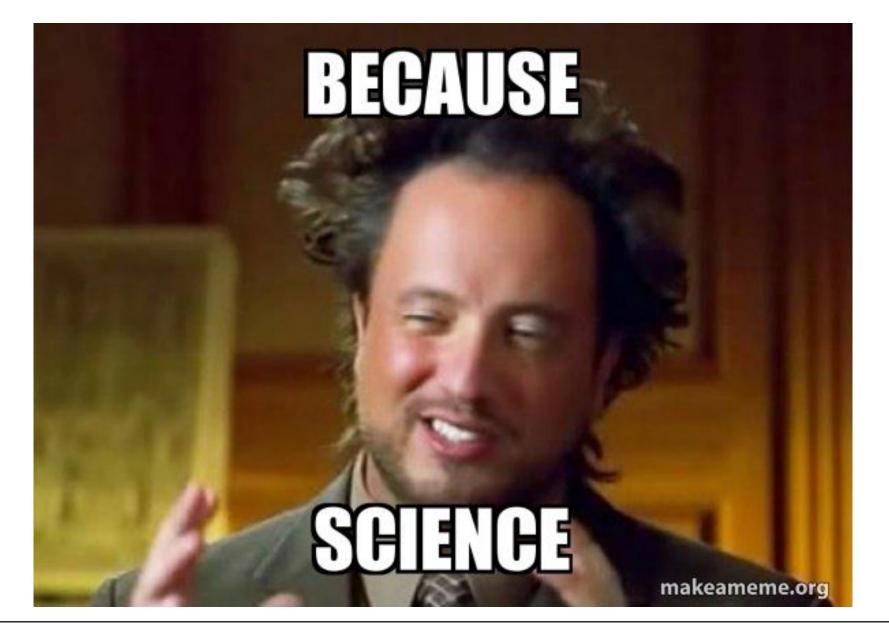


Massachusetts Department of Public Health

#### Are Things Getting Worse?





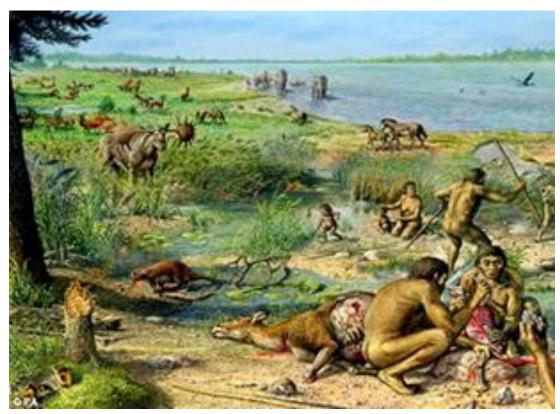


#### How Did They Become the Bad Guys?

It wasn't always this way

Looking back through history...

Hunter-gatherers: Fewer pathogens?



#### How Did We Get to This Point?

Onset of agrarian/agricultural (~40k years ago) (Edman, 1988):

- Destruction of wild hosts
- Destruction of wild habitat
- Community living
- Domesticated animals (14k years ago)
- Vectors adapted to new food
- ...Diseases!



Edman, 1988; Anderson and May 1979, 1991

#### And, for the Disease?

#### Animal diseases

- Lyme, babesiosis = mice and small rodents
- EEE, WNV = birds (robins, cardinals)





#### What's Causing this?

Changing land-use patterns

- Changing ecology
- Close contact with animals
- Expansion of hosts





Falco and Fish, 1988; Eisen and Eisen, 2018

### What's Causing this?

• Degraded habitats





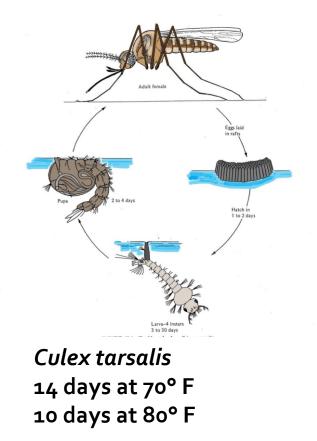
Socio-Ecological Mechanisms Supporting High Densities of Aedes albopictus (Diptera: Culicidae) in Baltimore, MD E. Little, D. Biehler, P. T. Leisnham, R. Jordan, S. Wilson, and S. L. LaDeau



## What's Causing this?

Increased temperatures:

- Reproduction cycles (7-14 days vs months)
- Faster extrinsic incubation period (EIP)
- Warm-weather species moving north



Culex	20 °C	<b>30 °C</b>
pipiens	(68°F)	(86°F)
West Nile EIP	15 days	5 days



#### Where Do We Go From Here?

#### **Different Strategies**

Pathogen-vector

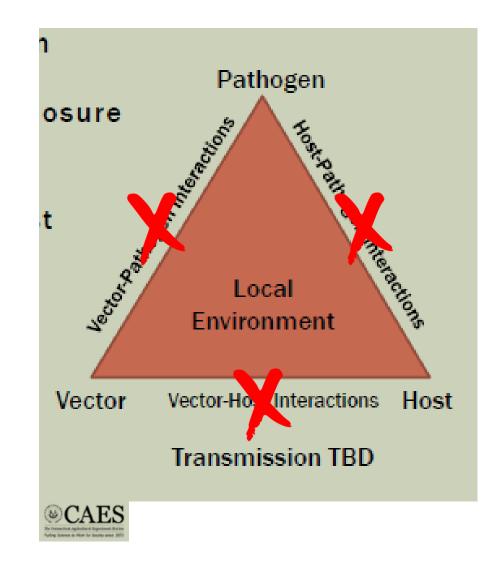
- Control animal populations
- Aerial sprays

#### Human-pathogen

Vaccines

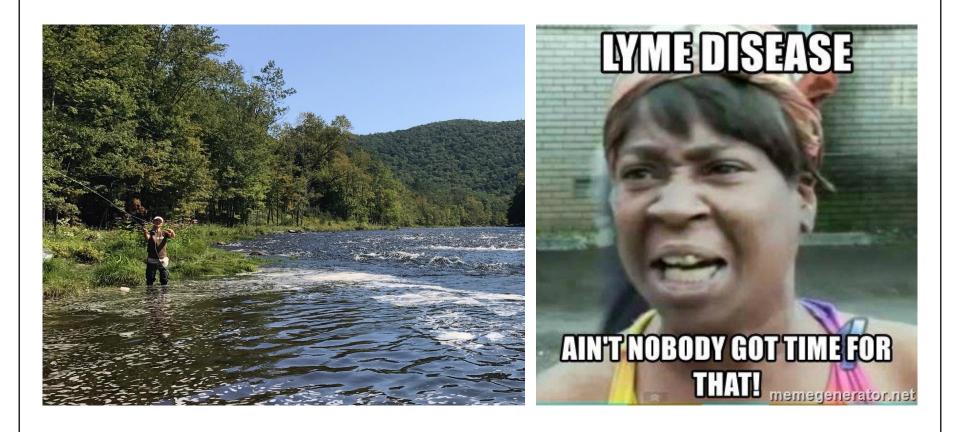
#### Vector-human

- Repellents
- Sprays (yard/aerial)
- Sterile insect technique



## Staying Safe

#### There are tools that already exist that we can rely on!

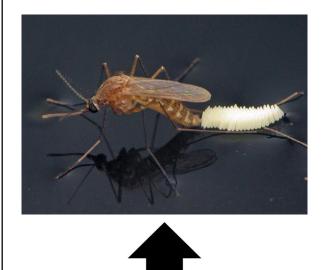


Basically, soil organismsRequire high humidity (82%+)6.3% of the total population is active at a time

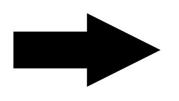


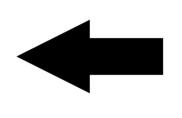
Stafford, 1994; Daniels, 2000; Rodgers et al 2007; Berger et al 2014; Kim et al, 2017

#### Basically, aquatic organisms















## Yard Management



Ilya R. Fischhoff et al. 2019

## Clean Up

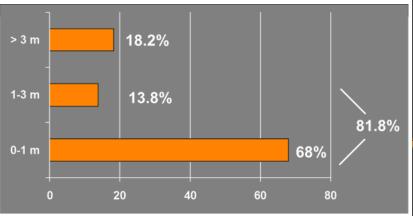
• Rake leaves 75-77% reduction in nymphs

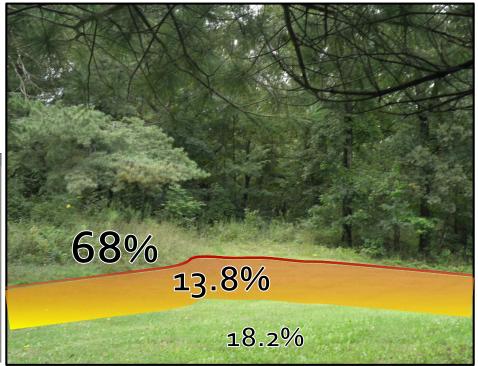


Shulze, 1995; Linske et al. 2019

## Yard Sprays

- Can reduce ticks
- Can be long lasting
- Use a pyrethroid
- Timing
- Repeat yearly
- Hire someone
- DIY





Shulze et al, 2008; Rand et al. 2010, Stafford and Allan, 2010; Elias et al. 2013; Hinckley et al. 2016

#### DIY

- EPA-registered
- Made for use on lawns and gardens
- Lists that it will control deer ticks (or ticks, in general)
- Listed as "ready to use" or "ready to spray"
- FOLLOW THE LABEL



Stafford and Magnarelli 1993; Shulze et al, 2008; Hinckley et al. 2016

#### Yard Management

#### Most fly 2 km or less



Mullen and Durden, 2019

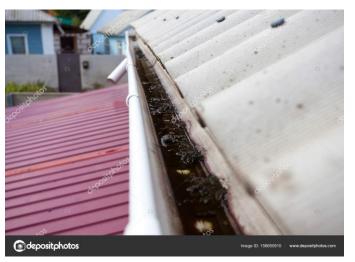
#### Mosquito Management

Weekly, remove/replace water











#### Source Reduction

#### Keep water moving



#### Mosquito Yard Sprays

Variable and TEMPORARY

#### Local mosquito control project.... FREE by trained professionals



Stoops et al. 2019

#### Protection for Outside?

What about going into tick habitat?

Step 1: Cover up!





## Delay Bites

• Netting



## **Delay Bites**

- Tucking your pants into your socks
- Sometimes you find ticks... down there





#### Time of Day Matters

Day-biters

- EEE: 34/428 pools
- WNV: 1/87 pools

Night and twilight biters

- EEE: 394/428 pools
- WNV: 86/87 pools



Ae. vexans

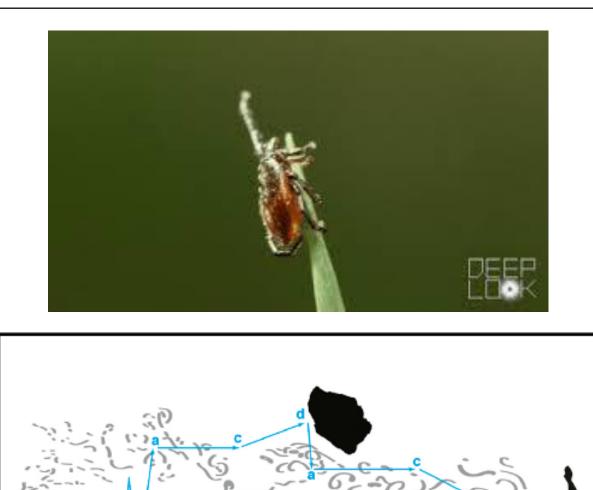


Cq. perturbans



Cx. pipiens

Executive Office of Health and Human Services





## DEET, not DDT

- 60 years of use
- ~700 million people annually
- >8 billion human applications in 1998
- 4 deaths associated with DEET
- Never confirmed
- 1 million die people/year from mosquitoes
- 300,000 US cases of Lyme/year
- Falling coconuts kill 150 people/year

DELT	235
6 FL.OZ. (177 mL)	In Users

Schreck et al, 1995; Fradin and Day, 2002; Perkins, 2006; Chen-Hussey, 2014; Kuehn, 2013



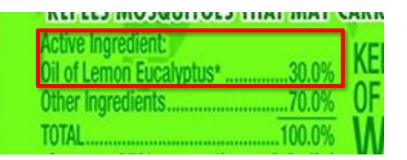
## Other Options

But, you have options...

- Picaridin or Icaridin
- IR3535

Jury still out?

- Oil of Lemon Eucalyptus or PMD (p-menthane-3,8-diol)
- Bio UD or 2-undecanone



ACTIVE INGREDIENT 2-Undecanone (CAS# 112-12 OTHER INGREDIENTS	(-9)
TOTAL	
CAUTION See back panel f precautionary statements	or additional
EPA Reg No 82	669-2

Gardulf et al, 2004; Bissinger et al, 2008; Bissinger et al, 2009; Bissinger and Roe, 2010; Carroll et al 2010; Bissinger et al, 2011

# PERMETHRIN

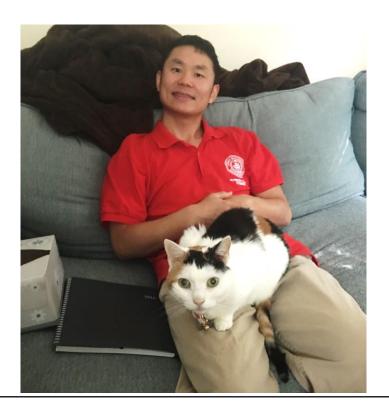
- Garden centers, big box stores, Amazon
- Or through InsectShield.com



Schreck et al, 1978; Shreck et al 1982; Soto et al 1995; Miller et al 2011; Connally et al 2018; Prose et al 2018; Mitchell et al 2020

- Only clothing and shoes
- Apply in advance and wait for it to dry
- Lasts for 6 washings or 1 month
- Keep cats away until it's dry





## Repellents

25(b) exempt ("all natural")?

- No evidence of safety or efficacy
- May be no better than water



# Myths

#### "Tick tubes"

Not reliable •

#### Citronella candles

Not acceptable levels of repellency •

#### Mosquito bracelets

- Metafluthrin... worked
- Others... zero protection •









Daniels et al. 1991, Stafford 1991, Stafford 1992; Lucas et al. 2007; Müller et al., 2008; Revay et al. 2013; Rodriguez et al., 2017

#### Treatments for Cats and Dogs

- Diseases specific to pets
- Proper treatment to protect

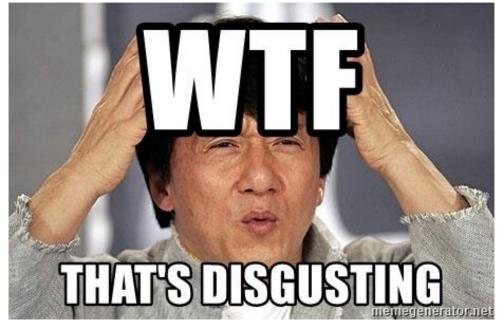




### **Tick Checks**

- 90% did not remove a nymph in  $\leq 1$  day
- >81% did not remember being bit





Yet et al, 1995; Nigrovic et al, 2019

#### How Do You Remove a Tick?

Don't over complicate things!

- 1. Use tweezers
- 2. Firmly grasp it
- 3. Pull straight up





#### Bitten?

- Symptoms: Generalized, non-descript for many cases
- Gather evidence... see a medical professional



## Evidence

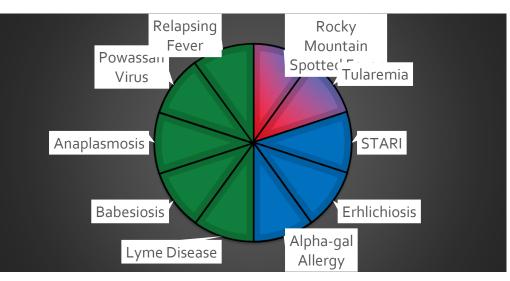
#### Bitten?

Ok... when?

What species?

#### What was in it?





Pathogen	Result Date	Result
Borrelia general species	11/30/2017 @ 3:22 PM EDT	POSITIVE
(Lyme or relapsing fever- generic)		
Borrelia burgdorferi sensu lato	11/30/2017 @ 3:23 PM EDT	POSITIVE
(Lyme borreliosis- specific)		
Borrelia miyamotoi	11/30/2017 @ 3:22 PM EDT	NEGATIVE
(Hard tick relapsing fever)		
Borrelia mayonii	11/30/2017 @ 3:22 PM EDT	NEGATIVE
(Lyme borreliosis)		
Babesia microti	11/30/2017 @ 3:23 PM EDT	POSITIVE
(Babesiosis often found in humans)		

### Photograph the Bite

#### Rashes?

Photograph them!

Show a doctor!







#### **Bottom Line**

With the right knowledge and awareness...

Vector-borne diseases are preventable.



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774-773-3404

# **Questions?**

